3-DAY WORKSHOP ON MONOCLONAL ANTIBODY

PHARMACOKINETICS & PHARMACODYNAMICS Concepts, Applications, & Case Studies



COURSE OUTLINE



This workshop has been designed to provide a detailed discussion of issues relevant to the pharmacokinetic / pharmacodynamic (PK/PD) modeling of antibody drugs, and to provide a series of "hands-on" case studies describing the development and application of mathematical models to simulate and characterize antibody PK/PD. Lectures will address primary determinants of antibody pharmacokinetics (PK) and pharmacodynamics (PD), the design and implementation of pre-clinical investigations of antibody PK/PD, and state-of-the-art mathematical models to characterize and predict antibody PK and PD. Case studies, featuring use of the ADAPT program, will include application of models for antibody-ligand binding and disposition, target-mediated disposition, and physiologically-based pharmacokinetic modeling. Special emphasis is placed on discussion of the role of FcRn on the absorption, distribution, and elimination of antibodies, on the mathematical modeling of target-mediated antibody disposition, and on physiologically-based modeling of antibody pharmacokinetics. The workshop content is provided as a combination of formal lectures and informal discussion / review sessions.

Subjects that will be presented include:

Determinants of antibody pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics: mechanisms of antibody elimination, the role of convection in the kinetics of antibody distribution, the role of FcRn in antibody absorption, distribution, and elimination

Interspecies Scaling of Antibody PK: considerations and examples involving the use of allometric methods to scale protein pharmacokinetics from pre-clinical models to humans

Drug-drug interactions: mechanistic considerations and examples for drug-drug interactions involving monoclonal antibodies, including consideration of antibodies as perpetrators and as victims of DDI

Target-Mediated Antibody Disposition: modeling, implications for interspecies scaling, implications for First-in-Human studies Modeling of bimolecular antibody-ligand interaction

Physiologically-based pharmacokinetic modeling: Incorporation of FcRn-mediated antibody transport in PBPK models, incorporation of target-mediated disposition, use of PBPK and preclinical data to predict antibody disposition in humans

COURSE DIRECTION

Joseph P. Balthasar, PhD. Dr. Balthasar is the David and Jane Endowed Chair for Drug Discovery and Development, Professor of Pharmaceutical Sciences at the University at Buffalo, State University of New York, and Director of the Center for Protein Therapeutics. His PK/PD modeling interests and capabilities include the development and preclinical evaluation of anti-toxin immunotherapies, the development and preclinical evaluation of anti-cancer immunotherapies (including immunoconjugate immunotherapies), and the development and preclinical evaluation of novel immunotherapies for humoral autoimmune conditions.



David Z. D'Argenio, PhD is Professor of Biomedical Engineering at the University of Southern California and holder of the Chonette Chair of Biomedical Technology. He is a Fellow of the American Institute for Engineering in Medicine and Biology, American Association of Pharmaceutical Sciences, International Society of Pharmacometrics, and a past member of the FDA Advisory Committee for Pharmaceutical Science and Clinical Pharmacology. Since 1985 he has served as co-director of the Biomedical and Simulations Resource (BMSR) at USC, which develops, applies and disseminates advanced modeling methods for studying biological systems, where he has led the development of the ADAPT software for PK/PD modeling & analysis.



Donald E. Mager, PharmD, PhD is Professor and Chair of Pharmaceutical Sciences at the University at Buffalo, State University of New York. He was also a Visiting Professor at the University Paris Descartes (Jan. 2007-2013). He has served on the Pharmaceutical Sciences and Clinical Pharmacology Advisory Committee to the FDA and is a Past President of both the International Society of Pharmacometrics and the American College of Clinical Pharmacology. His research involves identifying molecular and physiological factors that control the pharmacological properties of drugs, with a focus on anti-cancer and immunomodulatory agents.



Dhaval K. Shah, PhD is Associate Professor of Pharmaceutical Sciences at the University at Buffalo, State University of New York. His research focuses on understanding the determinants for the ADME of protein therapeutics. He is involved in the development of a platform PBPK model for biologics that can characterize and predict the pharmacokinetics of diverse protein therapeutics in several preclinical species and human. Dr. Shah also directs the discovery, development and clinical translation of novel protein therapeutics like antibody-drug conjugates and bi-specific molecules in his laboratory. His research is supported by NIH & pharmaceutical industry.



AGENDA

Day 1		Day 2, continued		
8:45 – 9:00 9:00 – 11:00	Introductions Introduction to Antibody Pharmacokinetics 1 (Balthasar) • Introduction to antibodies (isotypes, polyclonal vs. monoclonal, humanization, etc.) • Mechanistic determinants of antibody absorption, distribution, and elimination (contrasting with determinants of small-molecule ADME) • Comments on the mathematical modeling of antibody PK • Recent research relating to the role of FcR and mAb PK	09:45-10:30	Mathematical Modeling of Antibody-Drug Conjugate PK/PD (Shah) • Considerations for mAb, payload, conjugate disposition & dynamics • Examples of mechanistic modeling of ADC PK/PD	
		10:30-11:15	 Physiologically-Based PK Modeling of Mab (Balthasar) Review of PBPK models Application of PBPK models applied to Mab Discussion of major features of PBPK models for Mab & discussion of associated physiology (convection, restriction 	
11:00 – 11:15	Break Mathematical Modeling of Torget Mediated Disposition		coefficients, sites of catabolism, "two-pore formalism", incorporation of specific binding, incorporation of FcRn)	
11:15 – 12:00	Mathematical Modeling of Target-Mediated Disposition of Monoclonal Antibodies (Balthasar)	11:15-11:30	Break	
	 Introduction to TMD of Mab with examples Review of mathematical models that have been applied to characterize Mab TMD Comparison of model performance; discussion of implications for predicting Mab PK/PD 	11:30-12:00	Review Module #1: Concerns for Preclinical Evaluation of mAb PK (Balthasar) • Discussion based on literature example	
		12:00 – 12:45	Review Module #2: DEQ systems for mAb PK models (Balthasar) • Development of mechanistic mathematical models	
12:00 – 12:45	Immunogenicity and Macromolecule PK/PD (Shah) • Factors associated with immunogenicity • Identification of host "anti-drug" antibodies • PK modeling	12:45 – 1:00	Break	
		1:00 – 1:45	Application of PK/PD Theory to Guide the Discovery and Development of New Immunotherapies (Balthasar)	
12:45 – 1:00	Break	1:45 – 2:30	Review Module #3 (Balthasar) • Discussion questions and review	
1:00 – 1:45	 Interspecies Scaling of Antibody PK (Balthasar) General review of interspecies scaling Considerations for scaling antibody pharmacokinetics Examples / case-studies 	2:30 pm	Adjourn, Day 2	
		Day 3 9:00 – 9:45	Introduction: Modeling with ADAPT (D'Argenio)	
1:45 – 2:30	Biologics and Drug-Drug Interactions (Balthasar)	9:45 – 10:15	Case Study 1: Antibody-Ligand Interaction and Disposition (Balthasar)	
1.43 – 2.30	Mechanisms	10:15 - 11:00	Case Study 2: Target Mediated Drug Disposition (Mager)	
	• Examples / case-studies	11:00 - 11:15	Break	
2:30	Adjourn, Day 1	11:15 - 12:00	Case Study 3: PKPD for Antibody Drug Conjugates (Shah)	
		12:00-12:45	Case Study 4: Modeling Bispecific mAb PKPD (Shah)	
Day 2 9:00 – 9:45	Mathematical Modeling of Bimolecular Antibody- Antigen Interaction (Balthasar)	12:45 - 1:00	Break	
		1:00-1:45	Case Study 5 : Denosumab PKPD (Mager)	
	• Review of binding kinetics (Law of Mass Action,	1:45-2:30	Estimation Principles & Challenges for Biologics (D'Argenio)	
	equilibrium vs. non-equilibrium binding) • Mathematical modeling of antibody binding: Examples	2:30-3:15	Case Study 6: Non-depleting Anti-CD4 mAb (D'Argenio)	
	from antibodies used for immunotoxicotherapy	3:15	Adjourn, Day 3	

REGISTRATION INFORMATION

Virtual platform: The course will be held via **Zoom**, including live lectures and Q&A discussions. All participants will be requested to attend via computer with camera and microphone switched on for interactive discussion sessions.

Fee: The fee is \$2800. The registration fee includes electronic course documentation. Up to 5 graduate students may enroll at a fee of \$1400 (registered MS and PhD).

Requirements: Computers equipped with Internet access, functional cameras and microphones.

Registration: Online registration will begin **January 22nd**, **2024**. The course is limited to the capacity of 40 participants. Confirmation email of registration will be returned upon

successful registration and payment at the following website: http://pharmacy.buffalo.edu/ under Quick Links.

Cancellations: Cancellations with a full refund may be made until March 11th, 2024. No refund is possible on cancellations received after this date. Substitutions may be made at any time.

Payment: Mastercard, Visa, American Express, and Discover card payments will be accepted only at the following website: http://pharmacy.buffalo.edu/ under Quick Links. Contact course secretary: Suzette Mis, (716) 645-4834; mis@buffalo.edu, if you need further assistance.





